



TRI-COUNTY WEED CONTROL

995 Campton Street
Ely, Nevada 89301

(775) 289-4459

2006 SEASON REPORT

Since its formation in 2000, Tri-County Weed Control has now inventoried over 12,752,873 acres of land in White Pine, Lincoln, and Nye Counties. The 2006 season was a very challenging year. Because of the extreme amount of down-time experienced with the 2004 spray truck in the 2005 season, Ford Motors eventually replaced the truck in early June 2006 for just a mileage charge. That truck then had to be fitted with the spray equipment, which took a month to complete, and the truck went into service on July 2, 2006. Tri-County Weed had planned to purchase a second spray truck at the end of 2005 but was denied the authority to put out a bid by White Pine County, due to the County's financial problems. Basically as a result of that situation, in February of 2006, Tri-County Weed Control moved its accounting/personnel management to Lincoln County. However, since Tri-County Weed did not get to move all of its funds to Lincoln County in February, the bid for a second spray truck had to wait. On July 17, 2006, a bid went out for a second spray truck, and the contract was awarded on August 17. The truck was delivered shortly thereafter and was fitted with spray equipment by Tri-County personnel. That truck went into service mid-September. But personnel matters also became a problem. A total of twelve people were hired during the season, nine of whom were on a seasonal basis for inventory, but only three of whom worked the full year. We had planned to add one full-time sprayer/office person, but none of the three who were hired even completed the season. Therefore, our regular full-time staff of three was shuffled to fill in whenever and wherever needed.

INVENTORY CREW: The inventory crew began the 2006 season on April 11 and ended on October 13. During that time, 1,453,233.50 acres were inventoried. Tri-County Weed had a 4-man inventory crew hired for the season. The BLM inventory recorded 1,127 different occurrences representing 278.77 acres. The crew logged 4,508 miles during inventory sessions, which does not include travel miles to and from a site. Tri-County Weed did a second survey for the Southern Nevada Water Authority, from Las Vegas Valley to the Lincoln County line. In addition, there were some right-of-way alignment changes which were surveyed. The project began on April 17 and ended May 26, and approximately 106 miles of right-of-way were surveyed. Tri-County Weed also did a 5,500 acre inventory for the new Steptoe Valley CWMA. This season saw the addition of a noxious weed survey for EPG, Inc., for the new power line project from Clark County to just north of Ely. This survey took place from July 3 through October 13, 2006, and approximately 264 miles of right-of-way were surveyed.

In 2005, under the provisions of BLM Task Order 10, there were 20 permanent monitoring sites established by Tri-County Weed. These sites were created according to detailed BLM protocol on a random basis within known infestations, which included two 100-foot transects per site, with GPS photo points. At measured intervals along each transect, a count was made of the various species within a 1-meter hoop. In 2006, the BLM had Tri-County Weed establish 20 additional monitoring sites. On April 3, a crew began the establishing and completing of the set-up of the new project sites, collecting the initial data on the 20 new sites, and collecting the first annual data on the original 20 sites. They ended the project on June 30, 2006.

SPRAY CREW: The spray crew began the 2006 season on January 23, 2006, for the Nevada Department of Transportation in Clark County. During the next 12 months, up to December 6, 2006, a total of 529 separate projects were logged in by the spray crew. This was a 21% increase from 2005, despite downtime totaling approximately 2 months due to equipping the two new spray trucks. The following is a tabulation of actual recorded spray sessions from GIS data for just the following governmental entities serviced, and does not include travel miles to and from a site:

	<u>Spray Session Mileage</u>	<u>Gross Infested Acres</u>
BLM	3,616.66	65,757.45
Forest Service	410.71	7,467.46
NDOT– Tri-Counties	2,476.29	30,015.64
NDOT – Clark County	<u>569.84</u>	<u>6,907.15</u>
Totals:	7,073.50	110,147.70

Again as in 2005, the spray truck crew consisted of two licensed sprayers (with one additional licensed person available if needed), plus a temporary licensed spray crew member using either a 4-wheeler or 6-wheeler and backpack sprayer to meet the needs for the projects. With the addition of a second spray truck in July, it was attempted to hire an additional full-time sprayer. However, the available work force was such that of the three persons hired, none remain employed or even completed the season.

The following pages set forth detailed information for the work completed during the 2006 season of the Tri-County Weed Control Project.

Project / Reference	Acres/Treatment	Income
USDI Bureau of Land Management, Ely District Agreement FAA 020035; Agreement FAA 060002		
Meadow Valley Wash Salt Cedar		
<i>Task Order #10, Item 3 (FAA 020035) - 2-09-06 to 3-03-06</i>	1,300.00 a	57,000.00
Inventory		
<i>Task Order #10, Mod.#1, Item 9 (FAA 020035) 03-27-06 to 6-21-06</i>	716,158.66 a	45,000.00
<i>Task Order #10, Item 9 (FAA 020035) - 06-21-06 to 08/08/06</i>	508,108.33 a	27,000.00
<i>Amendment #1, Item 3 (FAA 060002) - 06-30-06 to 08-11-06</i>	208,050.33 a	18,000.00
General Weed Treatment		
<i>Task Order #10, Item 1 (FAA 020035) - 2-09-06 to 6-20-06</i>	107.20 a	24,135.13

Project / Reference	Acres/Treatment	Income
<i>Task Order #10, Item 1 (FAA 020035) - 06-20-06 to 08-04-06</i>	308.22 a	43,158.59
<i>Amendment #1, Item 1 (FAA 060002) - 08-04-06 to 09-17-06</i>	801.29 a	45,059.51
<i>Amendment #1, Item 1 (FAA 060002) - 09-18-06 to 12-12-06</i>	193.42 a	25,182.67
Monitoring		
<i>Amendment 1, Item 6 (FAA 060002) - 04-03-06 to 06-30-06</i>	–	25,000.00
Education		
Amendment #1, Item 2 (FAA 060002); 5/31/06, State Weed Coordinators regarding inventory protocol	–	500.00
General Outreach and Public Education		-0-
<p>I. General outreach to public</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Maintain a website (www.tri-countyweedcontrol.com) with general information about Tri-County Weed Control, services offered, upcoming events, maps, etc. 2. Maintain a newsletter (available on-line or by mail) with current information on projects, events, announcements, etc 3. Met with many residents/landowners on a general basis regarding noxious weeds 4. Contacted landowners on regular basis concerning treatment results, need for re-treatment, and plans for continued control of weeds 5. Identified numerous plants for local residents, both at their properties and those brought to the office. 6. Answered numerous calls each week from residents concerning weed problems and treatments in the tri-county area. 7. Distributed numerous weed identification booklets as required or requested 8. Maintained link between private and public landowners as liaison <p>II. Local CWMA's</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Attended numerous meetings at various CWMA's and conservation districts in Lincoln, White Pine and Nye Counties. 2. Prepared and gave various presentations at CWMA meetings regarding noxious weed problem 3. Prepared and presented education and training programs regarding use of GPS units, designing spreadsheet for mapping purposes, and in-field mapping. 4. Asked by Nevada Department of Agriculture to participate in meeting of Bio Control Committee. 5. Provided computer support to CWMA's including generating various maps 		

6. Provided CWMA's with numerous weed identification booklets, handouts, flyers
7. Met on-site with Quadra Mine representatives for education purposes concerning spotted knapweed. Tour of the site led to discovery of salt cedar and perennial pepperweed, leading to additional education.
8. Met with representatives of Bald Mountain Mine and Newark CWMA regarding musk thistle and spraying at mine.
9. Provided fliers, prepared meeting presentations for newly organized Steptoe Valley CWMA.
10. Donated to Steptoe Valley CWMA over half of the man-hours required for an extensive inventory of the Duck Creek area.
11. Asked by Nevada Department of Agriculture to participate with Forest Service Washington Office representatives in a review of CWMA's within Nevada regarding CWMA accomplishments and need to continue future funding
12. Met with various local public officials and representatives regarding CWMA programs and weed control efforts.
13. Contributed 33% of the total project cost for the Newark-Long Valley CWMA leafy spurge project
14. Co-hosted a winter workshop with Eastern Nevada Landscape Coalition.
15. During the winter, helped to establish a CWMA in the Spring Valley area.

III. Education, training and outreach

1. Held field day for BLM, providing inventory protocol training to State Weed Coordinators
2. Invited to participate in planning session for Meadow Valley Wash corridor
3. Trained NDF crews to do cut-stump treatment on salt cedar
4. Worked with and trained members of Alamo FFA Inventory and weed ID training
5. Provided maps of Railroad Valley to Nevada Department of Wildlife
6. Entire Tri-County Weed Control staff attended workshop for Ecology Based Integrated Pest Management
7. Provided GPS/GIS training to various entities in the tri-county area
8. Presented class to Nevada Department of Transportation on weed identification
9. Gave presentation at Farm Bureau meeting regarding weed control
10. Attended workshop presented by Eastern Nevada Landscape Coalition
11. Presented class at BLM-sponsored event to educate teachers from across Nevada about noxious weeds
12. Held training classes for Eastern Nevada Landscape Coalition crews

13. Provided extensive noxious weed map for display at State Fair
14. Provided detailed maps for use by a White Pine County commissioner regarding the 'grandfathering' of various mountain roads

During the course of their work day, inventory and spray crew members are constantly carrying out Tri-County Weed Control's objectives by talking with landowners and even passers-by that they meet, providing them information regarding weed identification, weed treatment, and the goals of Tri- County Weed Control in Nevada.

<i>Total for Bureau of Land Management</i>	1,435,027.45 a	\$310,035.90
--	----------------	--------------

USDA Forest Service		
Agmt #04-PA-11041709-064, including Modifications 1, 2 and 3	80.70 a	18,110.68
<i>Total for USDA Forest Service</i>	80.70 a	\$ 18,110.68
Nevada Department of Agriculture		
White Mountain Ranch	261.19 a	19,042.90
<i>Total for Nevada Department of Agriculture</i>	261.19 a	\$ 19,042.90
Nevada Department of Transportation		
Clark County – 1-23-06 to 2-23-06	319.39 a	23,518.20
Tri-Counties – 2-24-06 to 12-05-06 (<i>See details below</i>)	643.75 a	41,760.64
<i>Total for Nevada Department of Transportation</i>	963.14 a	\$ 65,278.84
<p>Hwy 6 west of Ely – Weeds that are known to be present are spotted knapweed, hoary cress, tamarisk, tall whitetop and Russian knapweed. From McDonald's to the "Y" at the southwest side of Ely, there is tall whitetop and spotted knapweed. The spotted knapweed continues over Murry Summit and out to the Hwy 318 intersection. All populations in this area are heavy. From the 318 intersection to Black Rock Station, infestations are small patches of hoary cress, tamarisk, Russian knapweed and tall whitetop.</p> <p>Hwy 50 - 6 east of Ely – Weeds that are known to be present are spotted knapweed, tall whitetop, Russian knapweed and hoary cress. Small patches of hoary cress and spotted knapweed exist from just outside of Ely over Connors Summit. Approaching Majors, the intensity of spotted knapweed increases. From the intersection of Hwy 93 to the turn-off to Osceola, small patches of spotted knapweed exist. From the turn off to Osceola over Sacramento Summit and out to the "Y," there is heavy infestation of spotted knapweed and one patch of tall whitetop. From the "Y" to the state line is fairly clean with isolated patches of spotted knapweed. There is one small patch of Russian knapweed on the east side of Sacramento Pass near the old roadside rest.</p> <p>Hwy 50 west of Ely – Weeds that are known to be present are spotted knapweed, diffuse knapweed and hoary cress. From Ely to the Ruth turn, there is a fairly large infestation of spotted knapweed and a small infestation of diffuse knapweed. Over Robinson Summit, there are small patches of hoary cress. Large infestations of spotted knapweed and hoary cress occur from the Moorman Ranch and continue with less frequency to the Eureka County line.</p>		

Hwy 93 north of Ely – Weeds that are known to be present are spotted knapweed, hoary cress, musk thistle, Russian knapweed and scotch thistle. Overall the highway is clean with small infestations of the weeds mentioned out to Lages Station.

Hwy 93 south of Ely – Weeds known to be present are spotted knapweed, diffuse knapweed, Russian knapweed, tamarisk, scotch thistle, tall whitetop and Dalmatian toadflax. From the intersection of Hwy 50 - 6 to just south of Pioche, there are intermittent heavy infestations with small patches of spotted knapweed in between. There is one patch of diffuse knapweed just south of the Lincoln County line by the Muleshoe turn-off. At Pony Springs the highway starts to pick up Dalmatian toadflax, with it increasing in intensity approaching Pioche. Isolated patches of toadflax are located just south of Pioche but decrease in frequency and cease just before Panaca. The tamarisk infestation is just north of Caliente. On Oak Springs Summit just south of Caliente, there is a small infestation of spotted knapweed. Isolated small patches of spotted knapweed are throughout the Delamar Valley and into Alamo. At the Wildlife Refuge south of Alamo there is Russian knapweed and tall whitetop.

Hwy 95 – Weeds that are known to be present are tamarisk and Russian knapweed. The Russian exists by the Nye and Esmeralda county line. Heavy infestations of tamarisk exist north and south of the Beatty area. Also, there are two patches of Sahara mustard: one is by the intersection of Hwy 95 and Hwy 373; the other, between the above intersection and the Amargosa intersection.

Hwy 160 – This highway is weed free from Nye-Clark county line to the intersection of Hwy 95.

Hwy 267 – This highway is weed free from the intersection of Hwy 95 to the California state line.

Hwy 317 – Weeds that are known to be present are spotted knapweed, hoary cress, scotch thistle and tall whitetop. The first 12 miles of this highway contain all the weeds mentioned. Hoary cress is the most prevalent throughout the area. There are two patches of tall whitetop. One patch is by the Longhorn Cattle Ranch and the other is further south. There is one patch of both spotted knapweed and scotch thistle by the same ranch.

Hwy 318 – Weeds that are known to be present are spotted knapweed, Russian knapweed and tamarisk. Overall the highway is clean. From the Hwy 6 intersection to Lund, there is one patch of spotted knapweed. Isolated patches of Russian knapweed, spotted knapweed and tamarisk exist to the Hwy 93 intersection. This year, a new patch of Dalmatian toadflax and Russian knapweed were found at the turn-off to Sunnyside.

Hwy 319 – Weeds that are known to be present are Dalmatian toadflax, spotted knapweed, tall whitetop and scotch thistle. There are isolated small patches of scotch thistle along the entire route to the state line. One patch of spotted knapweed exists on the east side of Panaca summit. Dalmatian toadflax exists approximately 7 miles east of Panaca. One small patch of tall whitetop was discovered this year at the same location as the spotted knapweed.

Hwy 320 – Weeds known to be present are spotted knapweed. Two patches of spotted knapweed exist on this route: one just north of Castleton, the other, on the south end of the highway. There is also one patch of scotch thistle and one patch of musk thistle near the intersection of Hwy 93.

Hwy 321 – Weeds that are known to be present are spotted knapweed, scotch thistle and Dalmatian toadflax. There is spotted knapweed throughout the route. Small isolated patches of the other two weeds are north of Pioche.

Hwy 322 – Weeds known to be present are Dalmatian toadflax, spotted knapweed and scotch thistle. The spotted knapweed is located just south of Ursine with isolated small patches of thistle along the entire route. Two populations of toadflax exist with the larger of the two by the 93 intersection, and the other just before the reservoir.

Hwy 361 – Tamarisk is present along this route. The infestation is moderate just south of Gabbs, with isolated small patches north and south of the main infestation.

Hwy 372 – From the intersection of Hwy 160 in Pahrump through the city limits, there are patches of Russian knapweed on both sides of the highway.

Hwy 373 – This highway is weed free from intersection of Hwy 95 and the California state line.

Hwy 374 – No weeds present from the intersection of Hwy 95 and the California state line.

Hwy 375 – There is one patch of Russian knapweed 6 miles east of the intersection with Hwy 6. There is a one-half acre patch of tamarisk about 30 miles from Hwy 6.

Hwy 376 – Weeds that are known to be present are tamarisk and hoary cress. The tamarisk is located midway between Hwy 6 and Carver. Hoary cress exists just south of Carver.

Hwy 377 – No weeds present from the intersection of Hwy 376 to Manhattan.

Hwy 379 – There are small patches of both hoary cress and Russian knapweed within the Duckwater Indian Reservation boundaries, mm 17 through mm 19.

Hwy 487 & 488 – Weeds that are known to be present are spotted knapweed and Russian knapweed. The spotted knapweed is just outside of the National Park boundary. The Russian knapweed is located on the road that connects Hwy 487 and Hwy 50.

Hwy 490 – Weeds that are known present are hoary cress Russian knapweed and spotted knapweed. Heavy infestations of hoary cress occur from the intersection of Hwy 93 to Hercules gap. Isolated small infestations, of all three weeds, exist from Hercules gap to the prison.

Hwy 844 – No weeds present.

Hwy 892 – Weeds that are known to be present are hoary cress, musk thistle, bull thistle scotch thistle, spotted knapweed and water hemlock, with a large infestation of musk thistle just north of Hwy 50. Hoary cress exists along the entire right of way, with a large infestation of water hemlock at Cold Springs. One patch of spotted knapweed exists midway on the highway.

Hwy 894 – Weeds known to be present are spotted knapweed and hoary cress. The one patch of spotted knapweed is within a quarter mile of Hwy 93. Hoary cress exists throughout the entire route.

Ely Roadside Rest. – Spotted knapweed is present at this location.

Glendale Interchange – Russian knapweed is present at this location.

OBSERVATIONS OF THE 2006 SEASON

As was the case in the 2004 and 2005 seasons, the high amount of spring rains this year again caused a substantial germination of the soil seed banks. There are large seed banks which still exist and which will continue to be problematic in moist years. Tri-County Weed's mileage in 2005 for recorded spray sessions was 2,950.32 miles treating 466.61 acres. In 2006, Tri-County logged 2,476.29 miles treating 643.75 acres, an increase of approximately 38% in the number of

acres treated. Under the guidance of Lori Bellis, Tri-County Weed initiated control of the Comins Lake overflow area, which attributed to large acreage and no mileage. This was a relatively costly project, with a large amount of herbicide and greater-than-normal amount of manhours. Tri-County Weed was also re-directed to the fire area in Clark County which added a large number of dollars to the overall project. In 2006, it became necessary to increase herbicide and hourly labor/equipment charges – our first increase for labor/ equipment since 2003. However, even with an increase in the unit cost for herbicide and an approximately 38% increase the number of acres treated, the total cost of herbicide only increased by 19%, from \$10,909.06 in 2005 to \$12,935.84 in 2006. In 2005 we spent 317 hours in the field compared to 326 hours in 2006. Overall, Tri-County Weed Control crews and techniques are becoming more efficient and successful in the treatment of Nevada's lands and highways.

Southern Nevada Water Authority			
Pipeline Survey – 106-mile survey from Las Vegas Valley to Lincoln County line; some right-of-way alignment changes		3,854.56 a	15,000.00
<i>Total for Southern Nevada Water Authority</i>		3,854.56 a	\$ 15,000.00
EPG, Inc.			
Power Line Survey – 264-mile survey of right-of-way for Southwest Inter-tie Power Line Project		4,818.18 a	45,000.00
<i>Total for EPG, Inc.</i>		4,818.18 a	\$ 45,000.00
Ducks Unlimited			
Pahrnagat Natl Wildlife Ref.	<i>Russian Knapweed</i>	39.91 a	3,133.67
<i>Total Ducks Unlimited</i>		39.91 a	\$ 3,133.67
Eastern Nevada Landscape Coalition			
Gleason area	<i>Hoary Cress, Spotted Knapweed</i>	79.34 a	10,633.68
Gleason area	<i>Musk Thistle, Russian Knapweed</i>	14.83 a	964.19
<i>Total Eastern Nevada Landscape Coalition</i>		94.17 a	\$ 11,597.87
Kerb Trials: Tri-County Weed, DOW Chemical, and University of Nevada Reno experimental plots – <i>DOW provided herbicide</i>		20.00 a	** 1,000.00
<i>* Tri-County Weed In-Kind ** University of Nevada Reno</i>			* 614.00
<i>Total Kerb Trials</i>		20.00 a	\$ 1,614.00
Lincoln County			
Town of Panaca	<i>Bareground Management</i>	31.31 a	3,154.60
<i>*Tri-County Weed In-Kind</i>			* 117.13
Alamo area	<i>Hoary Cress</i>	72.77 a	4,087.89
Lincoln Co. Airport	<i>Bareground Management</i>	9.01 a	951.68
Panaca Valley	<i>Scotch Thistle</i>	7.14 a	768.39
<i>Total Lincoln County</i>		120.23 a	\$ 9,079.69

Nye County			
Currant Community Center	<i>Bareground Management</i>	3.25 a	504.72
<i>Total Nye County</i>		3.25 a	\$ 504.72
White Pine County (work in lieu of equipment/shop rental)			
Fairgrounds	<i>Hoary Cress</i>	6.07 a	304.69
Little League Field	<i>Turf</i>	5.89 a	124.46
Marich Field	<i>Turf</i>	14.31 a	239.17
Road Yard	<i>Spotted Knapweed; Bareground Mgmt.</i>	10.89 a	330.32
Ruth Road	<i>Spotted Knapweed</i>	38.36 a	1,237.45
Steptoe Park	<i>Turf</i>	17.92 a	251.07
<i>Total White Pine County work-in-lieu</i>		93.44 a	\$ 2,487.16
PRIVATE LANDOWNERS:			
<i>Clark County</i>			
Belvin, Dottie	<i>Malta Starthistle</i>	5.92 a	197.40
<i>Total Clark County Landowners</i>		5.92 a	\$ 197.40
<i>Lincoln County</i>			
Austgen, Susan	<i>Bareground Management</i>	5.78 a	647.12
<i>Total Lincoln County Landowners</i>		5.78 a	\$ 647.12
<i>Nye County</i>			
Duckwater Tribal Lands	<i>Perennial Pepperweed</i>	115.73 a	3,606.69
Duckwater Tribal Lands	<i>Russian Knapweed</i>	840.78 a	39,000.00
Duckwater/Fish & Wildlife	<i>Russian Knapweed</i>	62.21 a	12,630.50
O'Toole, Jo	<i>Perennial Pepperweed</i>	2.72 a	257.98
Hyde, Mark	<i>Perennial Pepperweed; Musk Thistle</i>	49.17 a	1,695.93
<i>Total Nye County Landowners</i>		1,070.61 a	\$ 57,191.10
<i>White Pine County</i>			
Connolly, Don	<i>Cheat Grass; Bareground Mgmt.</i>	4.84 a	457.90
Clayton, Bob	<i>Water Hemlock; Bull Thistle</i>	1.14 a	92.61
Barney, Rennell	<i>Bareground Management</i>	4.17 a	454.64
Christensen, Norman	<i>Mustard</i>	58.99 a	1,680.00
WP Co. Men's Golf Assoc.	<i>Hoary Cress</i>	44.15 a	1,185.34
Quadra Mine/Apex	<i>Spotted Knapweed</i>	148.70 a	9,616.20
<i>*Tri-County Weed In-Kind</i>			* 108.48
Macfarlan, Betsy	<i>Halogeton</i>	16.00 a	168.77
Clayton, Bob	<i>Cheat Grass</i>	3.17 a	283.88
Hayward, Bub	<i>Russian Knapweed</i>	28.36 a	1,570.70
<i>*Tri-County Weed In-Kind</i>			* 204.91

Carson, Keith <i>*Tri-County Weed In-Kind</i>	<i>Cheat Grass</i>	5.60 a	144.00 * 70.00
<i>Total White Pine County Landowners</i>		315.12 a	\$ 16,037.43
Cooperative Weed Management Areas (CWMA); (private landowners, cost-share)			
<i>Newark-Long Valley CWMA</i>			
Burrows Fall Spurge <i>*Tri-County Weed In-Kind;</i> <i>**Burrows</i>	<i>Leafy Spurge</i>	246.40 a	8,020.13 * 6,551.85 **5,000.00
Scoppettone Property	<i>Russian Knapweed</i>	.03 a	261.00
Silver State Ranch	<i>Musk Thistle; Russian Knapweed</i>	.40 a	102.46
<i>Total Newark-Long Valley CWMA</i>		246.83 a	\$ 19,935.44
<i>Railroad Valley CWMA</i>			
Hanks Property	<i>Perennial Pepperweed</i>	1.23 a	338.43
Forsgren Property	<i>Perennial Pepperweed</i>	2.30 a	841.69
Angleworm Ranch <i>*Tri-County Weed In-Kind</i>	<i>Russian Knapweed</i>	.10 a	* 263.33
Currant Creek Ranch (CWMA; <i>property owner</i>)	<i>Russian Knapweed</i>	70.97 a	2,268.57 2,268.56
Sharp Property	<i>Russian Knapweed</i>	29.37 a	1,593.48
<i>Total Railroad Valley CWMA</i>		103.97 a	\$ 7,574.06
<i>Robinson CWMA</i>			
Ruth	<i>Spotted Knapweed</i>	48.14 a	2,404.25
<i>Total Robinson CWMA</i>		48.14 a	\$ 2,404.25
<i>Snake Valley CWMA</i>			
Duff Ranch (CWMA portion; <i>property owner</i>)	<i>Hoary Cress</i>	3.05 a	330.18 130.18
Baker Ranch (CWMA portion; <i>property owner</i>)	<i>Hoary Cress</i>	.49 a	230.65 30.65
Silver/Weaver Creeks (CWMA; <i>property owner</i>)	<i>Bull Thistle; Canada Thistle</i>	9.00 a	624.49 424.48
Hidden Cyn.Ranch (CWMA; <i>property owner</i>)	<i>Musk Thistle; Hoary Cress</i>	5.92 a	393.83 193.82
Silver Creek SC (CWMA; <i>property owner</i>)	<i>Salt Cedar</i>	19.20 a	1,121.28 921.27
Baker Salt Cedar	<i>Salt Cedar</i>	400.00 a	5,492.35

Baker Ranch	<i>Russian Knapweed</i>	.28 a	369.39
<i>Total Snake Valley CWMA</i>		437.94 a	\$ 10,262.57
<i>Steptoe Valley CWMA</i>			
Duck Creek, Private Inventory <i>*Tri-County Weed In-Kind</i>	—	5,500.00 a	2,000.00 *2,400.00
Cross Timbers	<i>Hoary Cress</i>	17.86 a	858.48
WP Golf Course (CWMA; <i>Men's Golf Assoc. portion</i>)	<i>Russian Knapweed</i>	11.14 a	474.74 474.74
Hayward Property	<i>Russian Knapweed</i>	10.36 a	517.20
<i>Total Steptoe Valley CWMA</i>		5,539.36 a	\$ 6,725.16
<i>White River Valley CWMA</i>			
Carson Property	<i>Perennial Pepperweed</i>	9.72 a	299.39
Preston area	<i>Hoary Cress</i>	1.52 a	310.10
Halstead Property	<i>Spotted Knapweed; Hoary Cress</i>	1.58 a	77.11
Rockin 13 Ranch	<i>Russian Knapweed</i>	.01 a	286.67
Moon River Ranch <i>*Tri-County Weed In-Kind</i>	<i>Russian Knapweed</i>	69.85 a	3,838.00 * 867.10
White River Ranch <i>*Tri-County Weed In-Kind</i>	<i>Russian Knapweed</i>	.93 a	* 209.84
<i>Total White River Valley CWMA</i>		83.61 a	\$ 5,888.21

In 2006, Tri-County Weed Control had actual treatment acres of 6,743.44 acres. It inventoried a total of 1,453,233.50 acres, which includes three private inventories. In 2005, Tri-County Weed Control's net total billing was \$330,866.03. In 2006, Tri-County Weed Control billed a total of \$627,748.17 less its in-kind contribution amount of \$11,406.64, for a net total of \$616,341.53, an increase of 86% over 2005. Even though funds from the BLM in 2006 were double that of 2005, when the BLM funds are excluded from the net billings for comparison, Tri-County Weed Control's net billing total was still up 70% over 2005.

2006 SUMMARY

PROJECT/GROUP	INVENTORY ACRES	TREATMENT ACRES	TOTAL PROJ. ACRES	TOTAL BILLING
USDI Bureau of Land Management	1,432,317.32	2,710.13	1,435,027.45	310,035.90
USDA Forest Service	-	80.70	80.70	18,110.68
Nevada Department of Agriculture	-	261.19	261.19	19,042.90
Nevada Department of Transportation	-	963.14	963.14	65,278.84
Southern Nevada Water Authority	3,854.56	-	3,854.56	15,000.00
EPG, Inc.	4,818.18	-	4,818.18	45,000.00
Ducks Unlimited/Pahranagat	-	39.91	39.91	3,133.67
Eastern Nevada Landscape Coalition	-	94.17	94.17	11,597.87
Kerb Trials*	-	20.00	20.00	1,614.00
Lincoln County*	-	120.23	120.23	9,079.69
Nye County	-	3.25	3.25	504.72
White Pine Co. – Treatment in lieu...	-	93.44	93.44	2,487.16
Private Landowners (all counties)*	-	1,397.43	1,397.43	74,073.05
Newark/Long Valley CWMA*	-	246.83	246.83	19,935.44
Railroad Valley CWMA*	-	103.97	103.97	7,574.06
Robinson CWMA	-	48.14	48.14	2,404.25
Snake Valley CWMA	-	437.94	437.94	10,262.57
Steptoe Valley CWMA*	5,500.00	39.36	5,539.36	6,725.16
White River Valley CWMA*	-	83.61	83.61	5,888.21
<i>Subtotal (Billing includes Tri-County Weed In-Kind):</i>	1,446,490.06	6,743.44	1,453,233.50	\$ 627,748.17
Tri-County Weed Control In-Kind Contributions:				11,406.64
<i>NET TOTAL, Less Tri-County Weed In-Kind Contributions:</i>				\$ 616,341.53
*All or portion included in Tri-County Weed Control in-kind contributions.				